

Effects of Water-cooled Jacket on the Oxygen Distribution during the Czochralski Silicon Crystal Growth Process



Xiaofang Qi^{1,2,3}, Junlei Wang³, Wencheng Ma*¹

P13

¹Institute of Functional Crystal, Tianjin University of Technology, Tianjin 300384, China

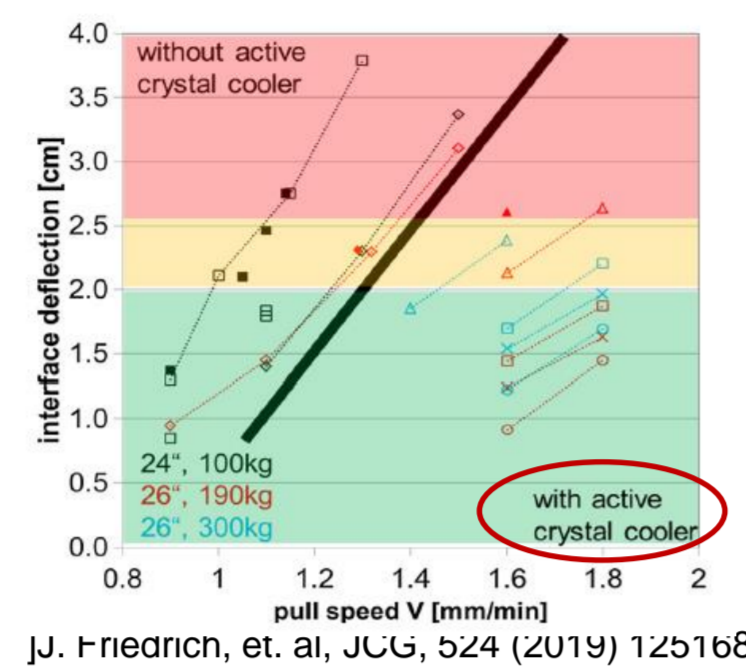
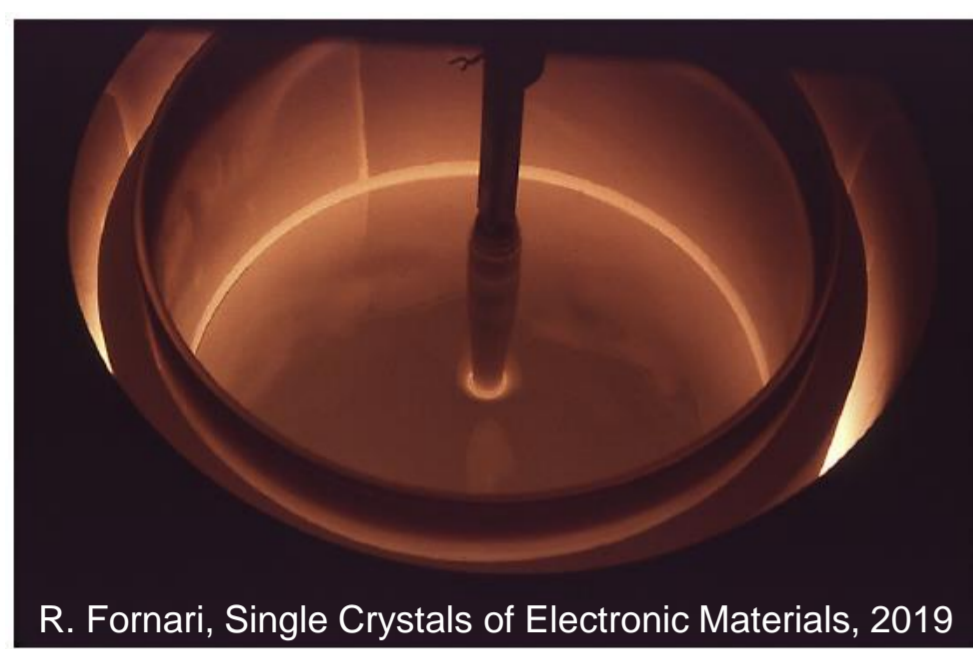
²School of Energy and Power Engineering, Jiangsu University, Zhenjiang, Jiangsu 212013, China

³Jiangsu Huantai Group Co., Ltd., Yangzhong, Jiangsu 212200, China

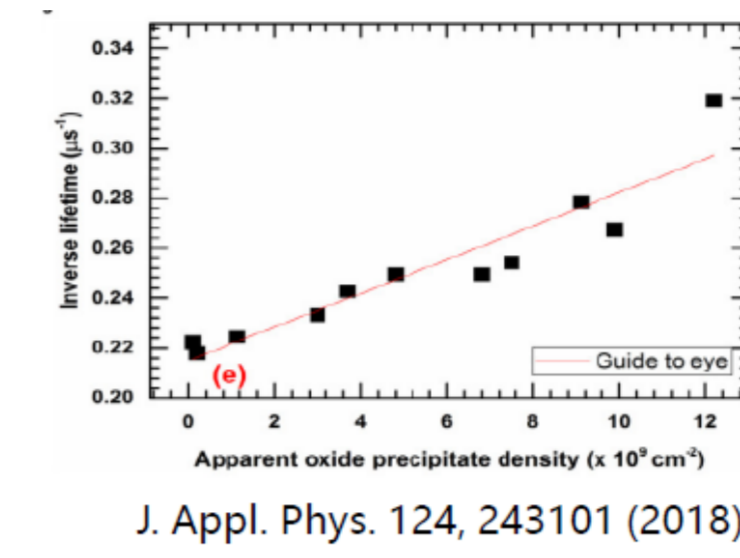
Email: wenchengma2012@gmail.com; xiaofangqi19@163.com

Motivation

Effects of water-cooled jacket on CZ-Si growth



Heat transfer was **enhanced significantly** with the water-cooled jacket.

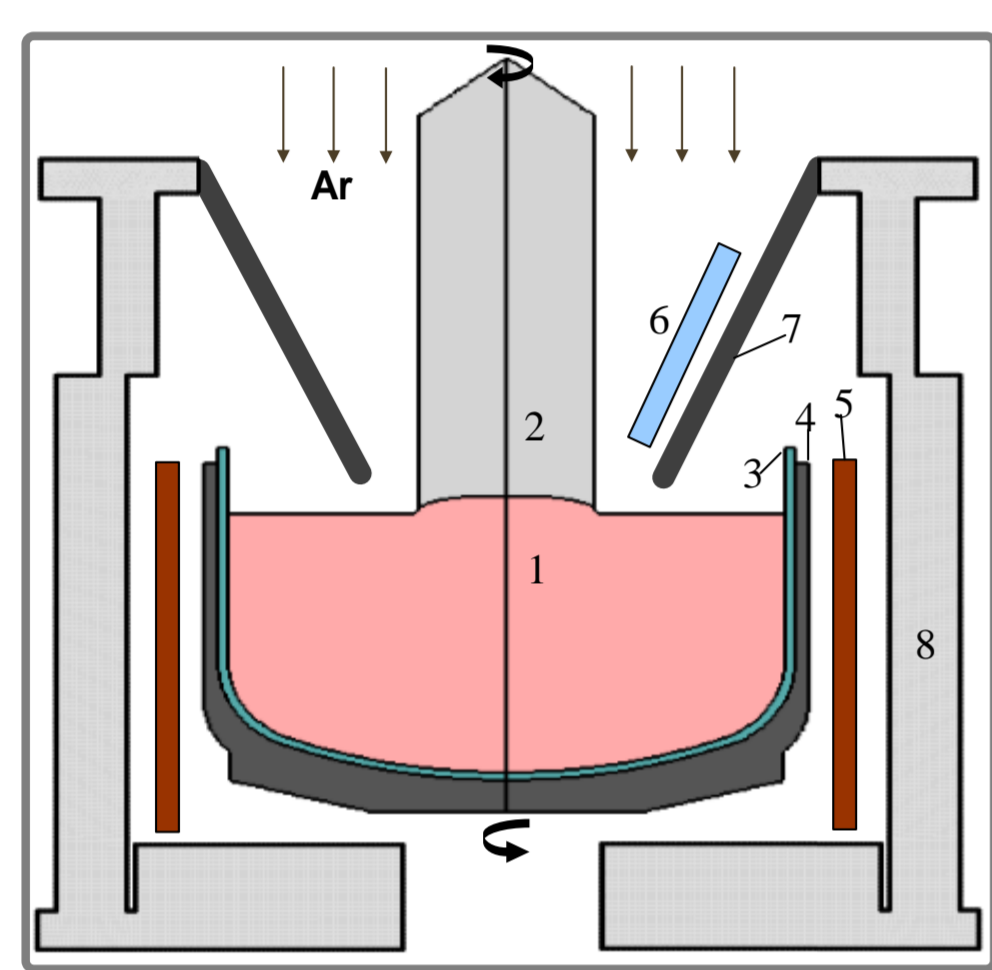


Oxygen affects the minority carrier lifetime, solar cell efficiency

To learn effects of water-cooled jacket on oxygen distribution

Numerical Model

CZ furnace and growth parameters

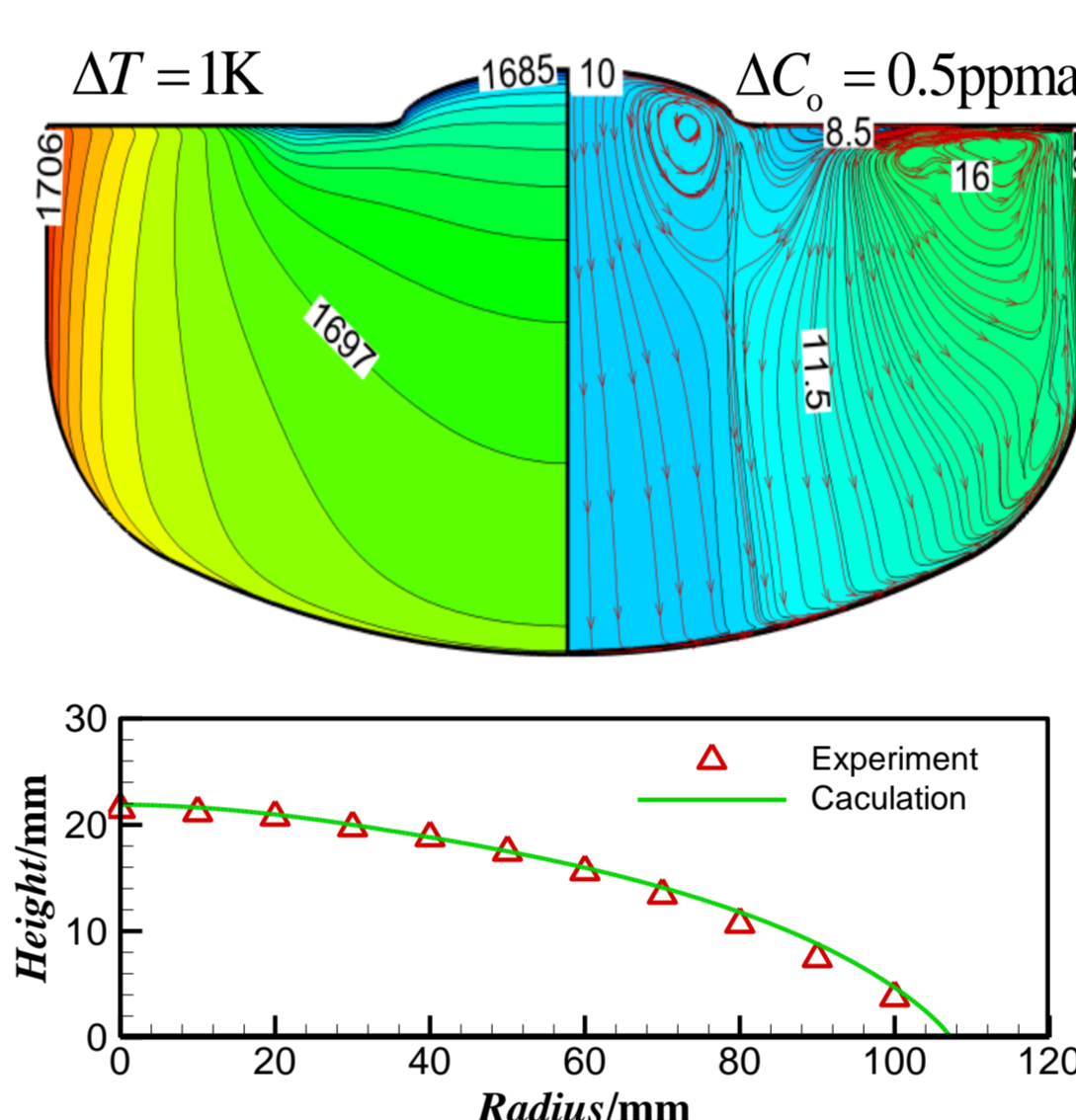


- 1: Melt
- 2: Crystal
- 3: Crucible
- 4: Susceptor
- 5: Heater
- 6: Water-cooled jacket
- 7: Heat shield
- 8: Insulation

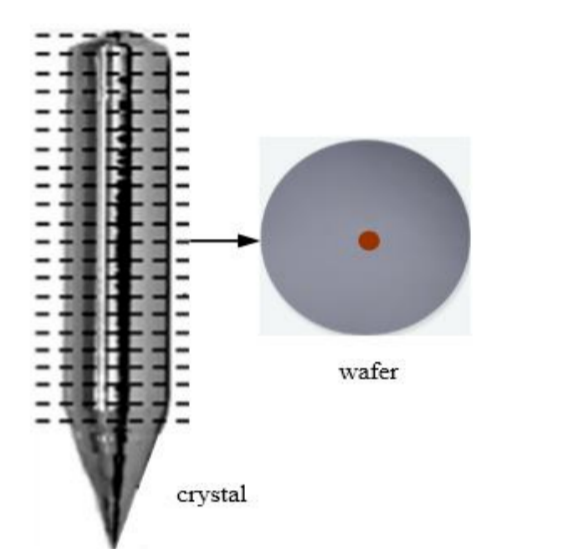
Hot zone: 28 in.
Crystal diameter: 215 mm
Initial charge : 390 kg
Crystal rotation rate : 9 rpm
Crucible rotation rate : -8 rpm
Pulling rate : 1.0 mm/min (without)
1.8 mm/min (with)

2D global heat and mass transfer model
In-house software (CGeMoS)

Model verification-with water-cooled jacket



Oxygen FTIR spectrometry



Quick pulling separation method

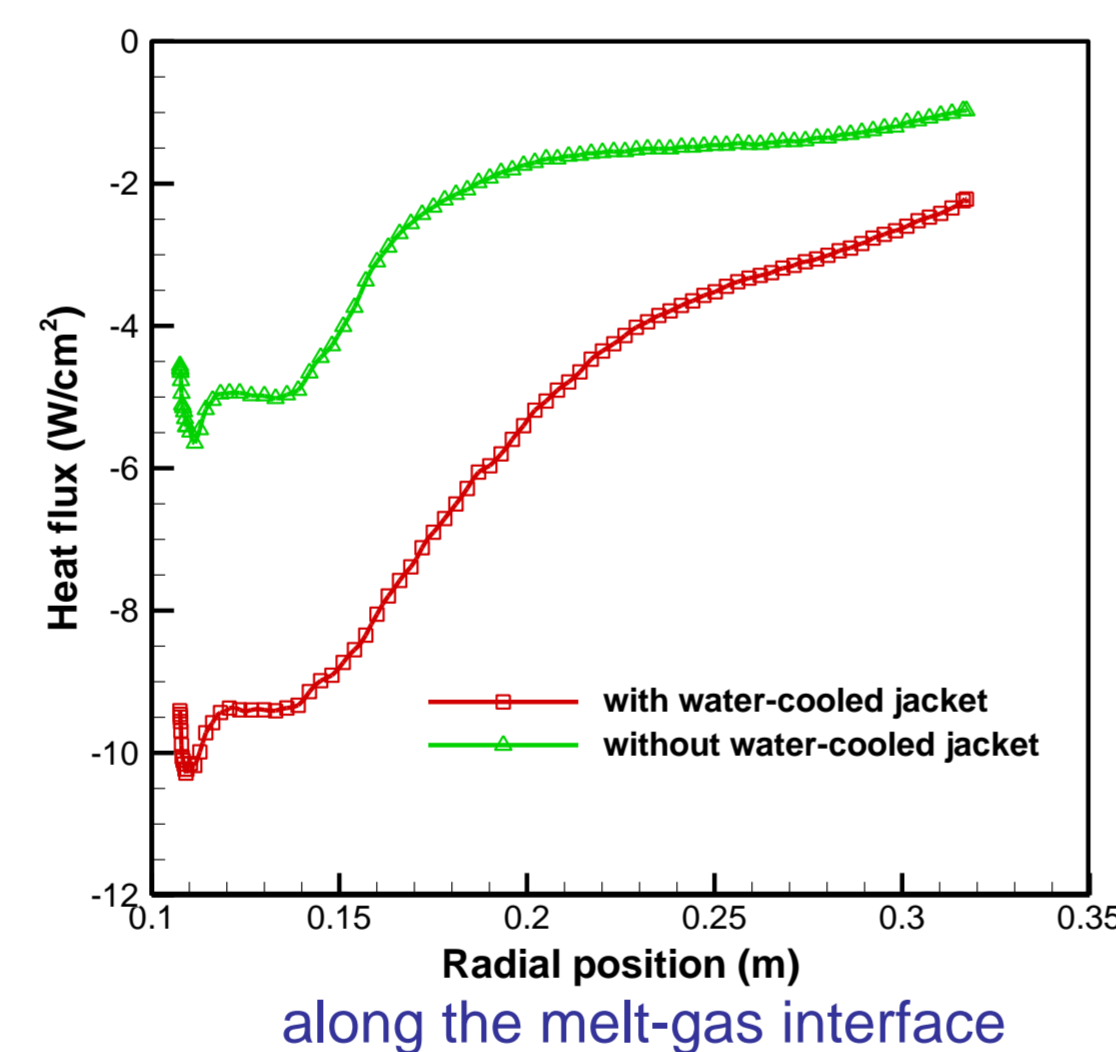
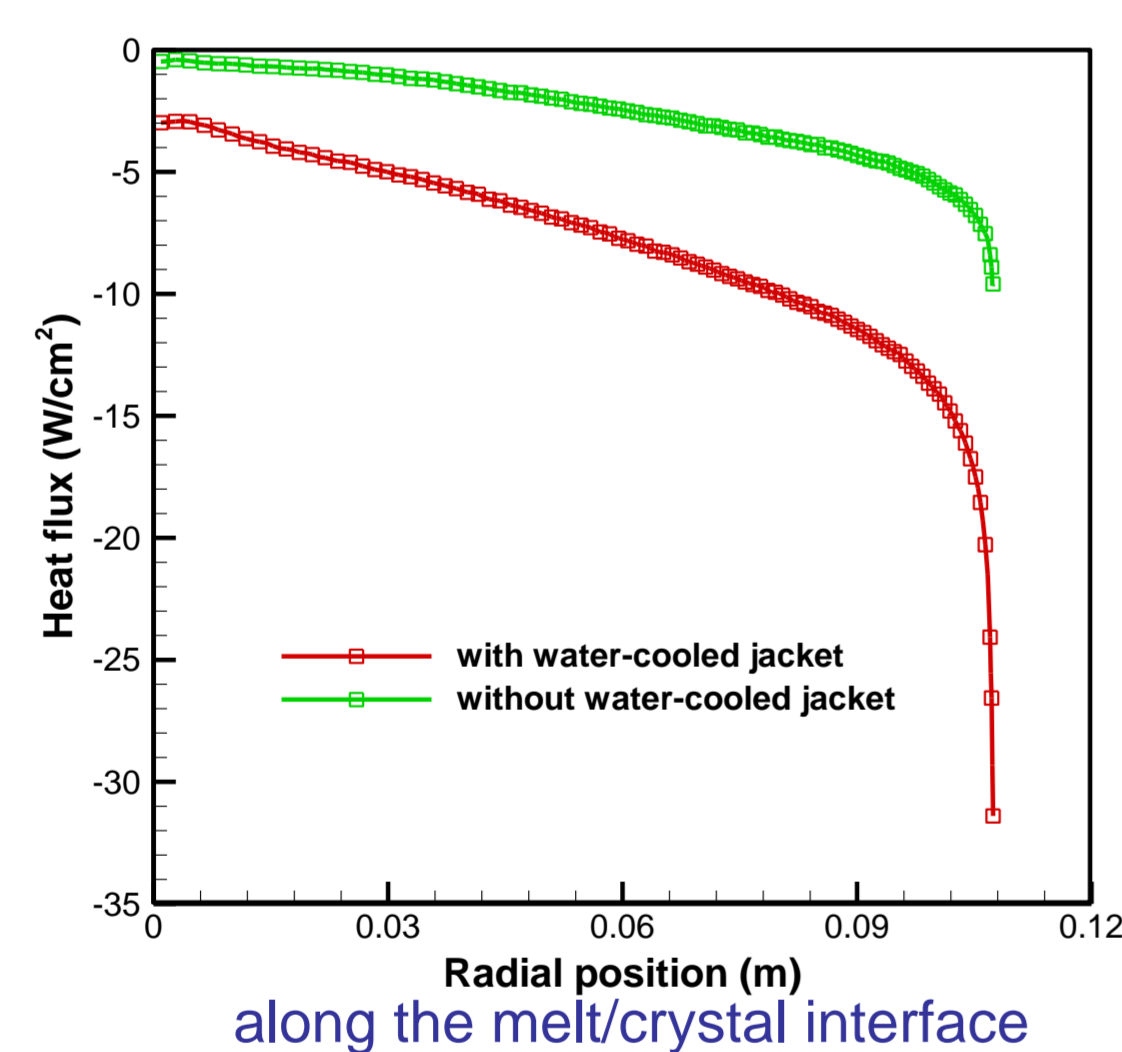


The simulation results and experimental data agree reasonably well

Numerical Results

Effects of water-cooled jacket on heat transfer

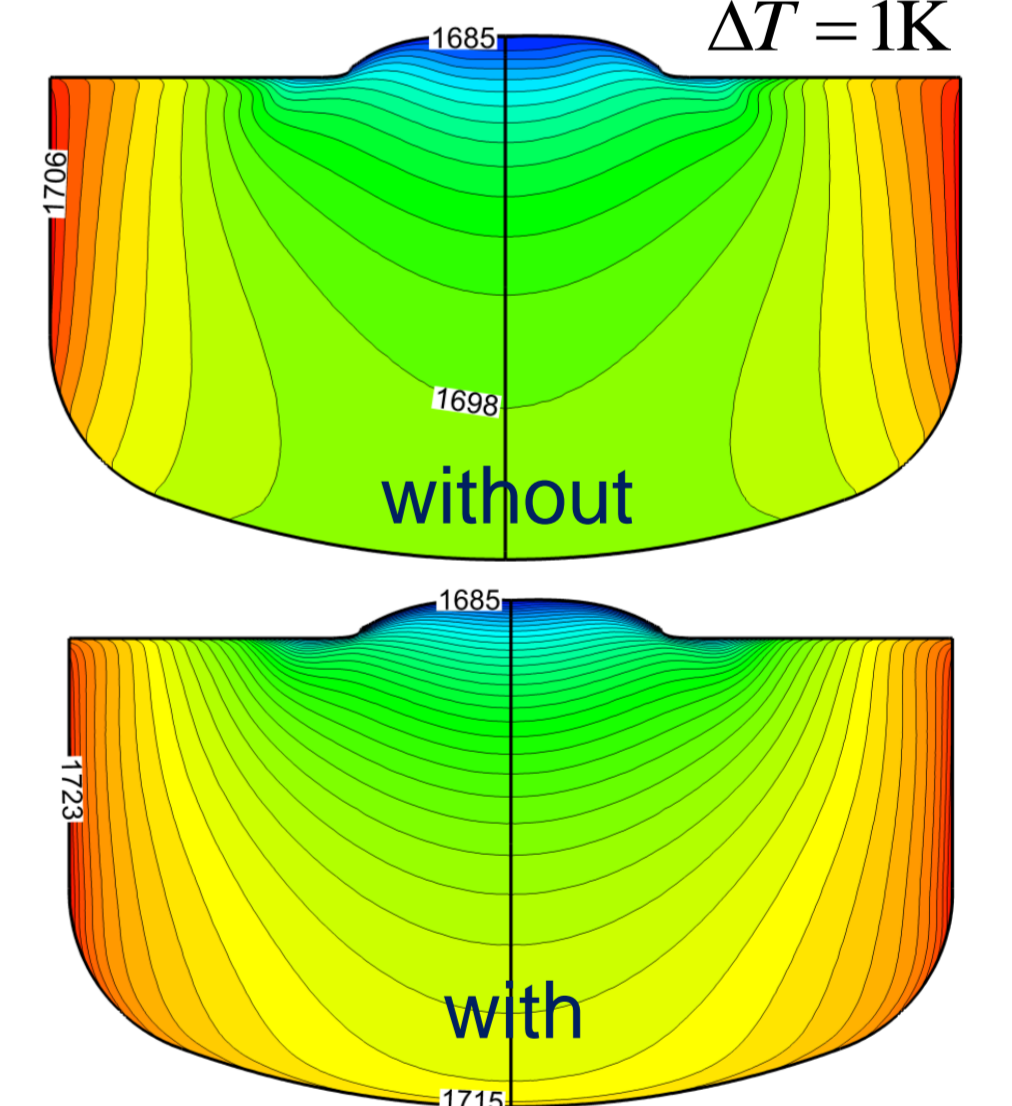
Heat flux profiles distribution



	along the m-c interface (melt side)/kW	along the melt-gas interface/kW
Without	1.39	5.76
With	3.86	13.68

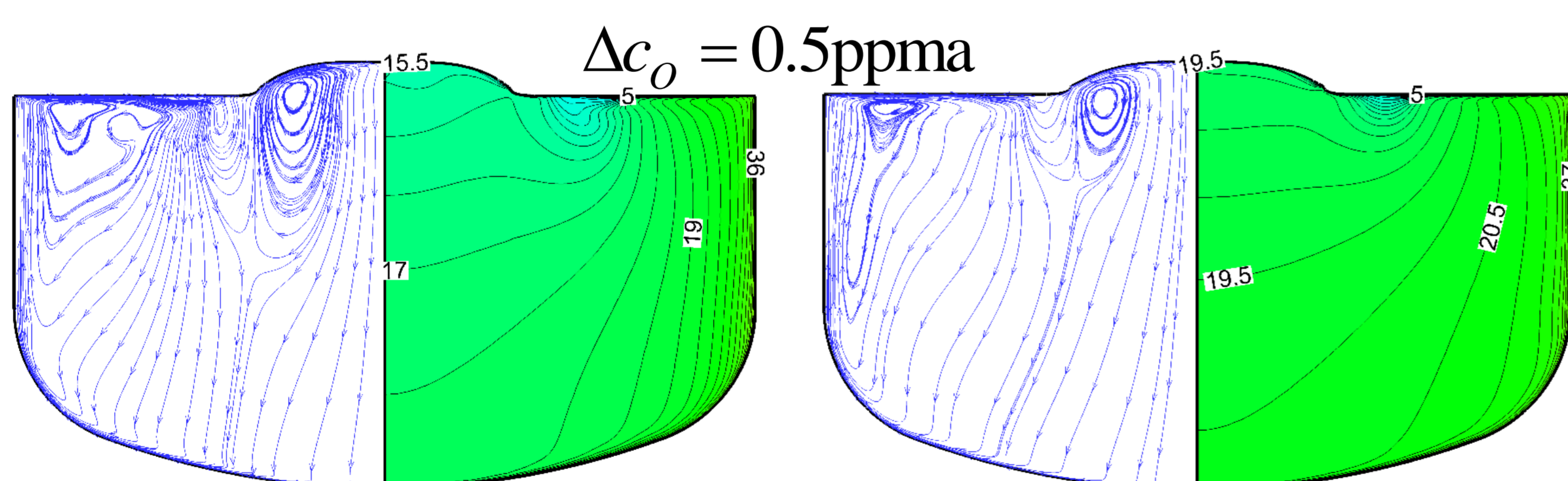
With the water-cooled jacket, **heat flux & temperature increased**

Temperature in the melt

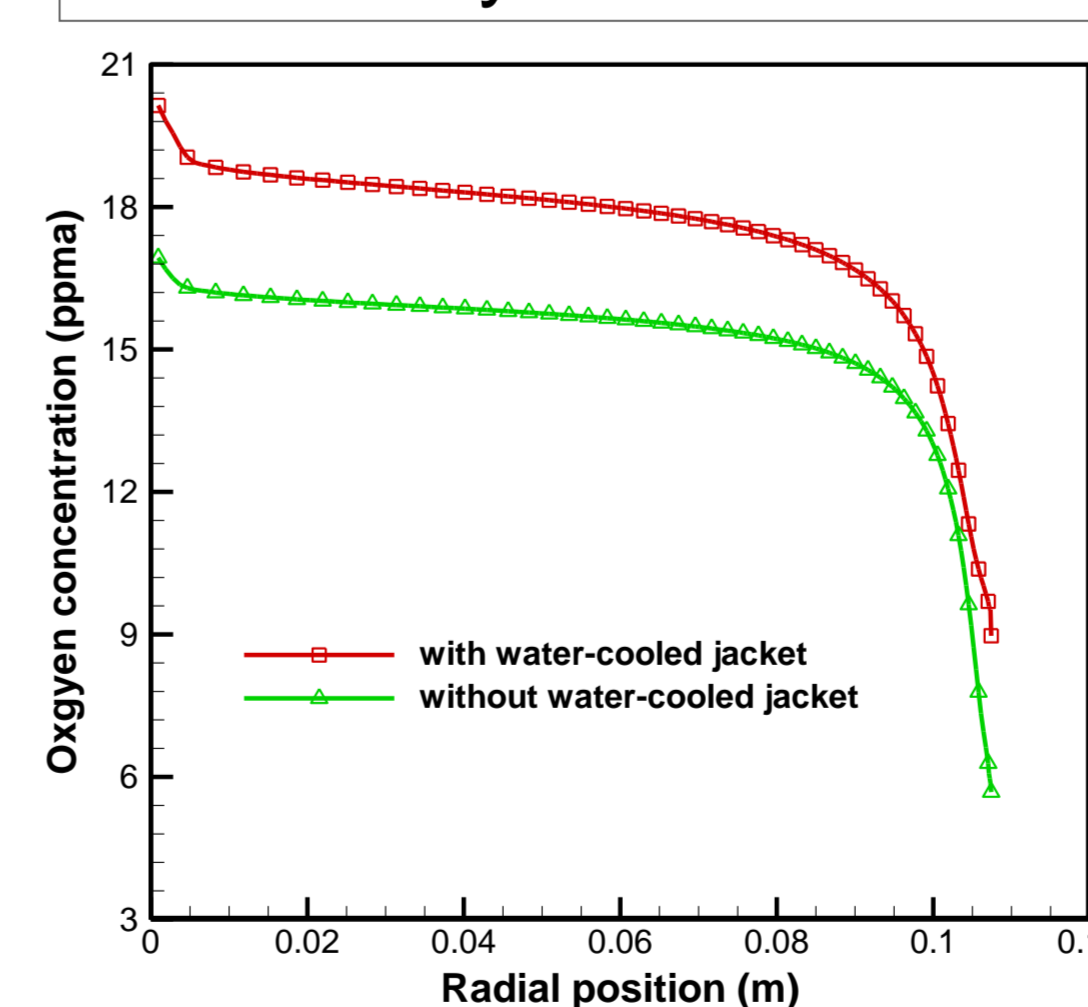


Effects of water-cooled jacket on oxygen distribution

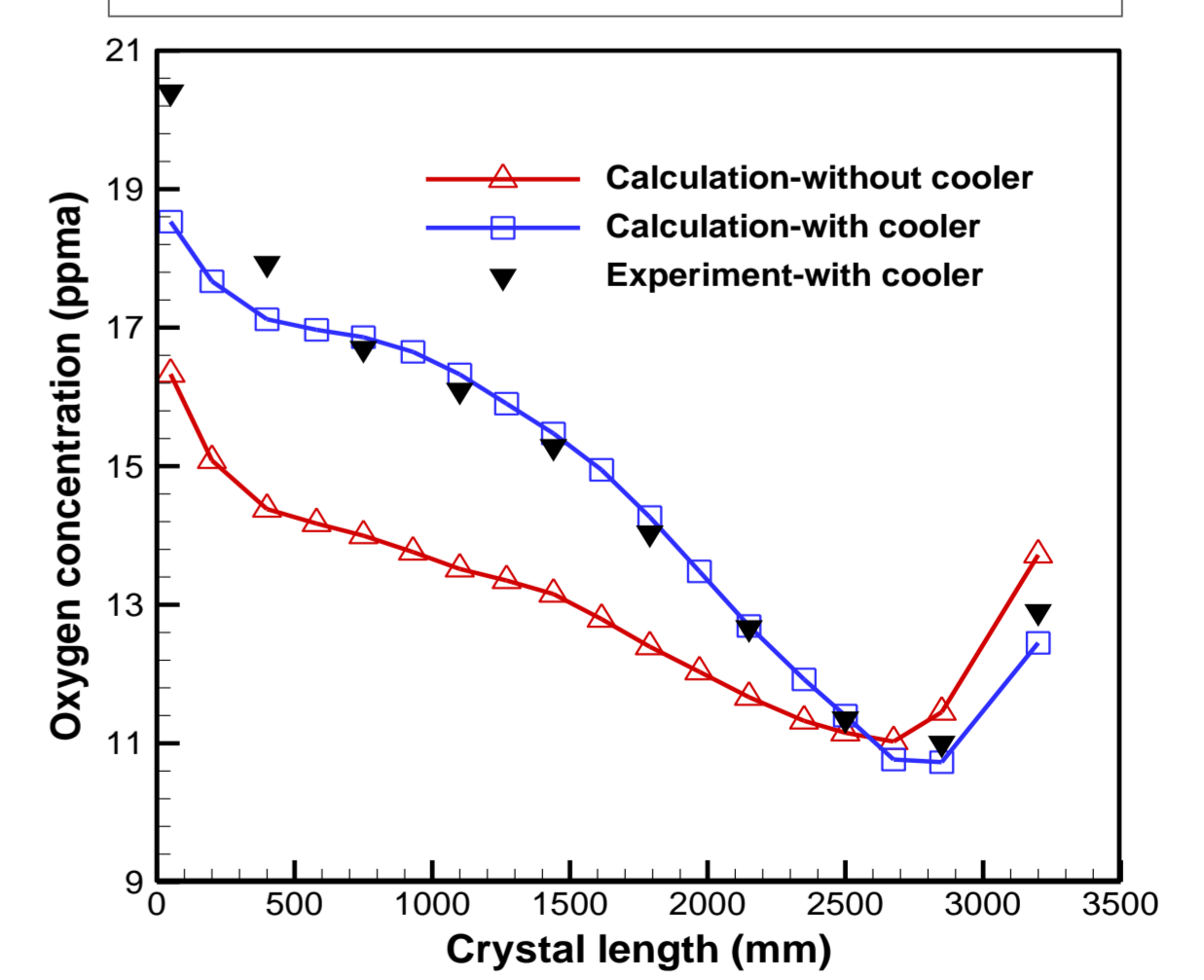
Oxygen and streamlines distribution in the melt



Oxygen distribution along the melt/crystal interface



Oxygen distribution along the centerline



1ppma $\approx 0.56 \times 10^{17}$ atoms/cm³

With water-cooled jacket, both oxygen along the centerline of the solidified ingot & along the melt/crystal interface increased

Conclusions

- ❖ By using the water-cooled jacket, heat transfer in the growth crystal was significantly enhanced.
- ❖ Oxygen concentration along the centerline of the solidified ingot was about 3 ppma higher than that without the water-cooled jacket.
- ❖ The simulation results were in good agreement with experimental data.